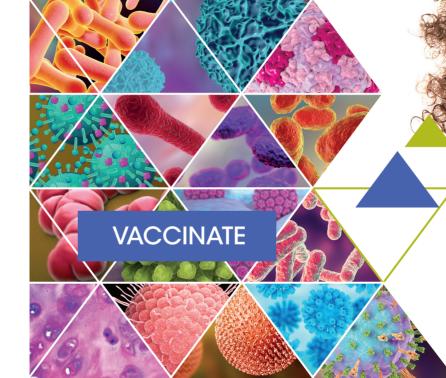


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Globally, immunisation **saves 3 million people** (of all age groups) every year from diphtheria, tetanus, pertussis and measles – but more than 1.5 million people still die due to lack of access to vaccines.^{1a,b,c pg 1}

We believe in a world in which no one suffers or dies from a vaccine-preventable disease.

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Poliomyelitis - 'Polio'

Viral infection; affecting the central nervous system; usually leads to paralysis; caused by the polio virus^{2a pg 297}

How it spreads^{2b pg 300 and 4a pg3}

The virus spreads from human faeces through improperly washed hands onto objects, food and water that come into contact with the mouth

Signs and Symptoms^{2c,d,e,f}

Stiffness of the neck, back and/or legs

Asymptomatic

Sore throat

Low grade fever

Severe muscle aches

Complications^{2g,h} pg ²⁹⁸ & i pg ²⁹⁹ and 4a pg 1

Paralysis

Aseptic meningitis (infection and inflammation of the brain and spinal cord) Can lead to death

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Pneumococcal Disease



Bacterial infection: caused by the Streptococcus pneumoniae^{68a pg 1}

Viral infection; highly contagious; caused by varicella-zoster virus^{5a pd}

How it spreads^{69a pg 1}

Person to person through contact with bodily secretions (saliva and mucus)



Signs and Symptoms^{70a,b,c pg 1 & d pg 2}

Infection of the lungs

Fast breathing, cough, chest pain, fever and chills

Infection and inflammation of the brain and spinal cord 4a pg 1

Stiff neck, headache, confusion, pain when looking into bright light. In babies, it may cause poor eating or drinking, low alertness, and vomiting

Infection of the middle ear

Ear pain, red, swollen ear drum, fever, sleepiness

Complications^{70e pg 2}

Infection and inflammation of the brain and spinal cord^{4a pg1} Sinus and ear infections Infection of the lungs Infection of the blood

How it spreads^{6a pg 1 and 7a pg 358}

Breathing in the virus particles

from chickenpox blisters

Tinv droplets from air

Touching

Signs and Symptoms^{9a pg 1}

Itchy, fluid-filled blisters all over body Fever Tiredness Loss of appetite Headache

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and **symptoms:**^{8a pg 1} 10 - 21 days^{6b pg 1}

Varicella - 'Chickenpox'

Complications⁷

Infection of the lungs^{11a pg 1} Infection and inflammation of the brain and spinal cord^{4a pg 1} Bleeding problems Infection of the blood^{12a pg 1} Dehydration

0

Pertussis - 'Whooping Cough'

Haemophilus Influenzae Type B - 'Hib'

Bacterial infection; highly contagious; caused by Bordetella pertussis^{13a pg 1}

How it spreads^{14a pg 1}

Only spread from person to person, through sneezing or coughing

Signs and Symptoms^{15b,c pg 1}

Slowed or stopped breathing (skin may turn blue)^{16a pg 1 and 17a pg 1}

Coughing fits followed by a high-pitched "whoop" Vomiting after coughing^{18a pg 1} Many, rapid coughs^{19a pg 1}

Time between exposure to the bacteria and the development of signs and **symptoms:**^{8a pg 1} 5 - 10 days^{15a pg 1}

Babies and Children:¹¹ Infection of the lungs, slowed or stopped breathing, violent and uncontrolled shaking, brain disease ^{11a} pg 1 and 16a,b,c pg 1

> Teens and Adults:11 Weight loss, loss of bladder control

Complications^{20a,b pg 1}

Severe bacterial infection; caused by Haemophilus influenzae type B. The Infection is common in infants^{63a,b pg 119}

How it spreads^{63c pg 120}

Passed through the area between the nose and throat

Time between exposure to the bacteria and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} Variable^{63d pg 120 and 64a pg 1}

Signs and Symptoms^{63e pg 121}

Infection and inflammation of the brain and spinal cord^{4a pg 1} Infection of the lungs^{11a pg 1} Swelling in the throat that can block airflow^{65a pg 1} Swollen, sore joints^{66a pg 1}

Bacterial skin infection (red, painful swelling)67a pg 1

Complications^{63f pg 121}

May lead to death

Human Papillomavirus - `HPV'



Viral infection; caused by the Human papillomavirus^{60a pg 1}

Bacterial infection; caused by *Mycobacterium tuberculosis*^{21a pg 1}

How it spreads^{60b pg 1}

Sexual contact

Signs and Symptoms^{61b pg 1}

No specific symptoms of disease^{62a pg 1}

Complications^{60c pg 1 and 61c pg 1}

Genital warts Cervical cancer Anal cancer Penile cancer Vaginal cancer

How it spreads^{22a,b pg 1}

TB of the lungs: through the air (e.g. speaking or coughing) Can be infectious

Signs and Symptoms^{23a pg 2}

Cough Reduced playfulness, weakness or lethargy, failure to thrive Weight loss Fever and/or night sweats

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} Variable^{61a pg 1}

Tuberculosis – 'TB'

Complications^{23b pg 2 and 24a pg3}

Can spread through the whole body, which can lead to other organs being infected^{25a pg 1}





Bacterial infection; caused by *Corynebacterium diphtheriae*; can cause a thick whitish covering at the back of the throat^{26a pg 1 & b pg 2}

Bacterial infection; caused by *Neisseria meningitidis*^{55a pg 1}

How it spreads^{26c pg 2}

Spread via respiratory droplets through coughing, sneezing

Signs and Symptoms^{28a pg 1}

Weakness Sore throat Fever Swollen glands in the neck Complications^{29a pg 1}

Blocking of the airway Damage to the heart muscle Nerve damage

Paralysis

Kidney failure Can lead to death



How it spreads^{55b pg 1}

Spread through exchanging saliva during close contact (kissing or coughing), or lengthy contact like living in the same space (family or roommates)

Time between exposure to the bacteria

and the development of signs and

symptoms:^{8a pg 1} 3 - 4 days^{56a pg 232}

Signs and Symptoms^{57a,b,c pg}

Sudden onset of fever, headache. stiff neck, nausea, vomiting, increased sensitivity to light, altered mental status (confusion) Newborns and infants:

May appear to be slow or inactive, irritable, vomiting, feeding poorly

Time between exposure to the bacteria and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} 2 - 5 days^{27a pg 108}

Meningococcal Meningitis

Complications^{58a pg1 and 59a pg 3}

Nervous system problems, seizures, brain damage, learning disabilities, amputation of limbs, hearing loss

Influenza – 'Flu'

Viral infection that is contagious; caused by influenza virus^{53a pg 1}

How it spreads^{53b pg 1}

Coughing Sneezing Talking

> Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and **symptoms:**^{8a pg 1}] - 4 days^{53c pg 1}

Signs and Symptoms^{53d pg 1}

Feeling feverish/chills, cough, runny or stuffy nose, muscle or body aches, headache, tiredness

Common in children: Vomiting, diarrhoea

Complications^{54a pg 1}

Infection of the lungs^{11a pg 1} Inflammation of the heart Inflammation of the brain Far infections

Bacterial infection; caused by *Clostridium tetani* and can cause painful muscle contractions^{30a pg 1}

How it spreads^{31a,b pg 1}

Bacteria are found in soil, dust and manure and enter the body through cuts or puncture wounds

Headache Jaw cramping Muscle spasms - often in the stomach Muscle stiffness/pain Trouble swallowing Seizures (jerking or staring) Fever and sweating High blood pressure Fast heart rate

Time between exposure to the bacteria and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} 3 - 21 days^{31c pg 1}

Tetanus – 'Lockjaw'

Signs and Symptoms^{30b pg 1 &}

Complications^{32a,b pg 1}

Uncontrolled/involuntary tightening of the vocal cords Broken bones Infection of the lunas Breathing difficulty Can lead to death

Rotavirus

Measles

Viral infection; contagious and can cause gastroenteritis^{33a pg 2 & b pg 1}

Viral infection: acute and can cause respiratory illness^{50a pg 1}

How it spreads ³⁴ a,b pg 1 and ³⁵a

Children can spread it before and after they have diarrhoea

The virus spreads from human faeces through improperly washed hands onto objects, food and water that come into contact with the mouth^{2b} pg 300 and 3a pg 3

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and symptoms:8a pg 1 2 days^{36c pg 1}

Signs and Symptoms^{36d,e,f pg 1}

Severe watery diarrhoea, vomiting, fever, abdominal pain, loss of appetite, dehydration

Signs of dehydration: decrease in urine, dry mouth and throat, dizziness when standing up. A child may cry, with few or no tears, be unusually fussy or sleepy

Complications^{37a pg 2 & b pg 3}

Severe diarrhoea Dehydration Kidney and liver abnormalities



How it spreads^{50b pg 2}

Spread by droplets or by airborne means (coughing, breathing or sneezing) of infected person

Remains infectious in the air for up to 2 hours after an infected person leaves the area

Time between exposure to the virus

Signs and Symptoms^{50d,e pg 1}

Fever

General feeling of being ill Cough

Rash spreading from the head to abdomen, to lower extremities Tiny white spots inside the mouth^{51a pg 1}

Complications 40a, b pg 2 & Complications

Brain damage Ear infections Seizures (jerking or staring) Infection of the lungs^{11a pg1} May lead to death

Rubella - 'German Measles'



Viral infection that is contagious^{46a pg 325 & b,c pg 329}

Viral infection of the salivary glands that is contagious^{38a,b pg 1}

How it spreads^{47a pg 1}

Coughing or sneezing

Signs and Symptoms^{48a pg 1}

Swollen and enlarged lymph nodes

Low grade fever

Headache

Cough

Runny nose

Mild pink eye

General discomfort

Complications^{49a,b pg 1}

Brain infections

Bleeding problems

Serious birth defects can occur if a woman is infected during the first trimester of pregnancy

How it spreads^{39a pg 1}

Infection spreads through saliva or mucus from the mouth, nose or throat

Can spread through: coughing, sneezing, sharing eating utensils or items with infected person

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and **symptoms:**^{8a pg 1} 12 - 25 days^{40a pg 1}

Signs and Symptoms^{40b pg 1}

Fever

Headache Muscle aches Tiredness Loss of appetite Swollen and tender salivary alands

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} 12 - 23 days^{46d pg 325}

Complications^{41b pg 1}

Inflamation of the brain Infection and inflammation of the brain and spinal cord^{4c} Inflammation of the ovaries and/or inflammation of the breast tissue

Deafness

Hepatitis A

Hepatiti<u>s</u> B

Viral infection of the liver caused by Hepatitis A^{42a pg1}

Viral infection of the liver caused by Hepatitis B virus^{45a pg 1 & b pg 2}

How it spreads^{43a pg 3}

The virus spreads from human faeces through improperly washed hands onto objects, food and water that come into contact with the mouth^{2 and CDC Oral faecal a pg 3} or through contaminated food or water ³³

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} 15 - 50 days^{43b pg 4}

Signs and Symptoms^{42b pg 1 &}

Fever, fatigue, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dark urine, clay-coloured stools, joint pain, jaundice (yellowing of the skin and eyes)^{44a pg 1}

Complications^{43d pg 2}

In rare cases, can cause: Liver failure Death



How it spreads^{45b pg 1}

Transmitted from person to person through body fluids

From infected mother to baby during birth

Through blood, blood products or contaminated materials

Time between exposure to the virus and the development of signs and symptoms:^{8a pg 1} An average of 90 days^{45c pg 1}

Signs and Symptoms^{45d pg 1}

Fever, fatigue, loss of appetite, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dark urine, clay-coloured stools, joint pain, jaundice (yellowing of the skin and eyes)^{44a pg 1}

Complications^{45e pg 1}

Permanent liver damage Cancer of the liver